

FIGHT IT WITH . . .

# Common Sense.

LEADER IN THE NATION'S FIGHT AGAINST COMMUNISM

"The truth,
the whole truth,
and nothing
but the truth
... without fear
or favor"

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# **MEDICARE - SOCIALIZED MEDICINE**

HOW CAN A BANKRUPT U.S.A. SUPPORT THIS WELFARE STATE PLAN?

By J. Johnston McCauley

If there is anyone who thinks we are the greatest country in the world because we are the richest and most productive, he has been misinformed. The United States is the greatest country in the world because its people enjoy a vastness of freedom never before known to mankind. It is great because, throughout its history, it has been guided by the conviction that individual rights and human personality are matters of paramount importance.

The most serious of the grave dangers our country faces today is that we will not do enough for ourselves to save our freedom, but assume a fatalist attitude, because we feel that it is futile for us to do something. The most prodigious source of this nation's economic strength is our system of competitive personal enterprise. We know this, but so does the opposition. If the free enterprise system should collapse, the entire structure that is the United States of America, will tumble down, and seizure of the entire world by Socialism would occur with only minor resistance.

A point of danger which we must recognize is to be found in the continuing growth of bureaucracy in our Federal government. This increase could lead to so much dependence on Federal aid that we shall eventually become a welfare state. It seems inconsistent to fight Socialism if we do not ourselves use every effort to curtail the growing dependence on the Federal government within our own country. The inefficiency of government in practically every business enterprise it has undertaken is a matter of record, which is exceedingly bad.

Our survival as a free nation depends upon thorough understanding of the technique utilized in bringing about a welfare state, for at the end of such a state is a police state and loss of liberty to everybody. A case in point is the matter of that Socialistic piece of legislation called, "Medicare." Right now, the proponents of this plan naturally do not call it socialistic, as they are fully cognizant that the concept of Socialism does not appeal to the majority of the people. Advocates of this plan prefer to say "compulsory health insurance." But regardless of the choice of words they may prefer to use, they are, in reality, talking about Socialized Medicine. Therefore, it would behoove us to find out all we can about this welfare state concept.

"Medicare" is a Federalized, tax-payer financed system of providing medical care. It removes that responsibility for maintaining health and taking care of medical needs from the hands of the patient into the hands of the Federal government. The tax-payers, rather than the individual patient, would become the buyer and dispenser of medical care and its attendant needs. The proponents of compulsory health insurance insult our intelligence by arguing that under this plan everyone would have free medical aid and nobody would be compelled to go to established free clinics.



Wilbur Mills



Lyndon B. Johnson



Wilbur J. Cohen

Wilbur J. Cohen, formerly Assistant Secretary for legislative matters of the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare. Headed a task force for J.F.K. on medical care for the aged under the Social Security System, an outright socialist plan, and technical advisor to the S.S.A. 1936-1954. Present ad-

Wilbur J. Cohen, formerly Assistant Sec- ministration expert on Medicare, part of tary for legislative matters of the Dept. L.B.J.'s Great Society.

Wilbur Mills, a long time foe of medicare has suddenly thrown in the sponge. Did Mills, as Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee yield to Zionist pressure?

This is deliberate deception, for where else does the Federal government obtain the money to provide the so-called "free" medical service except from the people, who actually are the government. The cost of a government system of medicine would be greater than that of a private system, for all experience proves that costs invariably rise when the government becomes involved.

Most assuredly, no one who requires medical care should be without it, but under our system of "private" rather than "political" medicine, we have come closer to this humanitarian goal than any other country including the ones who have adopted Socialized Medicine. Let us therefore spend our efforts in perfecting this progressive system, the one we already have, rather than promoting the reactionary system of putting the politician between us and our physician.

Fortunately, we do not have to rely on guesswork to obtain a clear view of what happens to medical costs and to the quality of medical care under Socialized Medicine, because we need only to take a lesson from what Great Britain is painfully learning about such a plan.

This plan has existed for about fourteen years in England. British physicians are subordinate to the bureaucrat. The science of medicine is reduced to an instrument of politics. The relationship between the doctor and patient is impersonal and inevitably becomes involved with strangling red tape, to say nothing of the lack of adequate time the physician has to devote to the individual patient. The personal relationship between doctor, druggist and patient has been put on a production basis. Participation in the program rather than the objective evidence of illness is the criterion for treatment. The judgment of bureaucrats is substituted for the judgment of physicians. And there is no question about the bureaucracy that has been established in Great Britain.

At the moment, according to the latest information, one out of every one-hundred British is employed by the Ministry of

Health, three clerks for every doctor in the British Isles. A government-operated medical system in this country would on that basis, call for the employment of an additional million clerks, and it would demand a building that would make the Pentagon look like a pill box next to a mountain.

When this socialistic plan became a law in Great Britain, back in 1948, it covered the field of health care in and out of the hospital for everybody, including free medical, hospital and dental care, free drugs and other appliances and equipment. The cost was estimated at a relatively modest 107 million British pounds annually, but this cost figure doubled the very first year, and in ten years the medical care service pricetag read 707 million pounds, quite a difference from the original estimate. Expenses increase, and the quality of medical aid decrease. Here is a description of how the patient fares, submitted by a former British citizen:

"If a person's time has more than a certain value, it does not pay him or her to use the National Health Service. So many people are resorting to the doctors' offices and hospitals that the wait seems endless. The poor are actually getting less satisfactory medical attention than they had before the institution of the Service, for in many outpatient departments, the time of waiting is doubled or tripled. And it is no joke sitting in a hospital waiting room when you are sick."

The United States has something better than Socialized Medicine and we should maintain it. Doubting Thomases need to understand this and to learn all they can about this effort. After they have convinced themselves that Socialized Medicine is impractical, expensive and last, but not least, political, they should make every effort they can to convince their representatives in both the Upper and Lower Houses of the Congress, that they do not want any part of this Socialistic plan.

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### Medicare-Socialized Medicine

Continued from page 1

#### SOCIALIZED MEDICINE A FAILURE IN EUROPE

When our solons in Washington come to consider proposals that a system of socialized medicine, however camouflaged, be set up in this country, they do not have to grope in the dark, because it is not an untried experiment. Several countries abroad are trying it right now, and in their experience may be found a sharp warning for the United States. Great Britain furnishes an excellent example. Some plan of compulsory sickness incurance exists in every European country except Switzerland, where the government subsidizes the medical co-operative.. The costs are going up everywhere, but nowhere else as rapidly as in England.

Socialized medicine was launched in 1948, with the announced purpose of providing medical aid gratis to everyone irrespective of means. Immediately, of course, it developed that it was too expensive. In eleven years, while retail prices in England were increasing by approximately 40 per cent, the cost of government doctoring more than trebled. It now amounts to better than 15 per cent of an over-inflated national budget, not counting cash payments by the insured or the levies on municipalities.

One of the principal reasons for the cost increase is that there are two or three clerks for every physician. On this basis, if this country were to adopt a similar system, the U.S. Government would have to employ nearly two million additional

Neither the physician nor the patient fares well under this system. The tax-payers, who foot the bill, register with a general practitioner. This doctor is paid by the Ministry of Health an annual fee amounting to about \$2.50 for each patient. In order to make a living, he must see so many patients that he can give each one only the barest minimum of time for diagnosing, prescribing, filling out up to sixteen kinds of certificates, plus forms for his own files. Patients are continually being shifted back and forth between overworked practitioners and overcrowded hospitals.

This is merely a brief outline of how socialized medicine is practised in England. In Germany, a report of the plan is to be found in the magazine, "Der Spiegel." Eighty per cent of the people of West Germany are under social security. Anyone enrolled in the State system, before he or she attained earnings of a thousand dollars a year, can remain in the plan no matter how high his or her earnings go. Furthermore, his or her contributions amount to no more than those whose annual income may be as low as \$165.

In Germany, as elsewhere, the availability of State Medical Services has the effect of promoting a demand for them. Concerns employing five-thousand persons apply for five-thousand sickness certificates each quarter year, for they figure that every employee will find it convenient to report least once during the three-month period. The same tendency is reflected in the rise in demand for drugs. Also, the average period of hospitalization has steadily risen. In general hospitals in Munich, the average patient back in 1955, remained twenty-one days. In the same hospitals he now remains thirty-eight days. Part of the tendency to prolong the hospital stay is that the socialized system must pay a worker 90 per cent of his net salary for a maximum of six weeks while he is reported ill, but he cannot collect for the first two days unless he is sick at least two weeks.

The minimum fee paid by the state to a physician serving under the plan amounts to about fifty-cents. This is a little less than what Germans pay as a minimum fee when they take a dog or cat to the veterinarian. These conditions, according to the abovementioned magazine, not only have caused wide-spread protest from the German Medical profession, but also have led to a serious deterioration in the quality of medical aid.

Sweden is another country with the doubtful blessing of a Socialistic program. Her spending for health alone, jumped from 580 million kroner in 1948 to 2 billion, 300 million kroner nine years later.

In Hungary, the medical profession has nothing to do with the management of the governmental medical system. It is directed by the Center of the Trade Unions for Social Security; and the entire organization is infected with bureaucrats and bureaucratic procedures. If the patient wants something, he must execute some obscure papers. The doctor devotes about half of this time with papers of different shapes and colors to prevent the use of carbon paper. Time allowed for examination is limited. The labor unions compare the efficiency of a clinic with that of a factory, and strict orders are issued as to how much time a physician must spend with his patients.

In Japan, effects of socialized medicine are such that members of the country's medical association have threatened to withdraw from the national health insurance plan and refuse to treat the patients. Although the Nipponese government did grant an increase of 10 per cent, the incomes of physicians are still lower than those of people in comparable professions, and are generally recognized to be the lowest medical fees universally. According to one member of the Japan Doctors Association, a Dr. Akira Osada, physicians in that country have discovered that once the Nipponese government assumes control, it becomes next to impossible to bring about any changes which would improve the treatment of their patients. The physician also said many of the bright young people in his country are turning to professions not under government control. Those aspiring to be doctors have to pay their own education expenses and then go through an intern period of almost non-existent income, which makes it very difficult for them.

In France, a similar situation exists as in Japan. A report, well-authenticated, states that Socialized Medicine has, in effect, prevented the development of good hospital service. Doctors threatened not to treat the patients, and rumor has it that they actually did go on a strike.

this country, those who advocate tying medical care to Social Security taxes deny that it could be a move toward socialized medicine, but who can doubt that this would be the first step in a drive to provide medical, dental, hospital and nursing home needs for all persons of retirement age? Simultaneously, we would have to expect a campaign to lower the age of eligibility by steps until, finally, the program covers or purports to cover, the health needs of all, from cradle to the grave.

#### IT'S THE TAXPAYER WHO PAYS

If this piece of legislation passes, the cost would be terrific, certainly much more than the one-billion dollars a year that proponents of this "first step" estimate.

Returning to Great Britain, the cost of the health program soared to two and a half billion dollars annually, for grossly inadequate service. England has less than a third of our population, so on a comparable basis the cost of the program here would have to be appraised at no less than seven and a half billion dollars a year, even if we provided no more than England is providing, and that is an assumption which can hardly be considered valid in view of the much higher wages and salaries in this country. The monetary cost would be only part of it. We cannot logically expect that a bureaucracy will provide the same quality of med-

FEDERAL MEDICAL CARE IS NOT GOOD FOR THE ELDERLY, BUT GOOD PRIVATE MEDICAL CARE IS.

WRITE YOUR SENATORS AND CON-GRESSMEN AND LET THEM KNOW HOW YOU STAND ON MEDICARE.

ical service that is available under our free enterprise system. We would see the traditional relationship between the physician and patient abolished. The spectacular growth of private health insurance, now covering about three-fourths of the population, would terminate and the private system would almost surely vanish within a brief time. Most alarming of all, the introduction of a system of socialized medicine in this country would represent a fatal straying away from freedom of choice in a field vitally and personally important to everybody. We need to take many steps backward from Collectivism, not leap further into its toils. Experience, it has been often reiterated, is a hard teacher. This is an experience we do not have to suffer ourselves, if we will but examine and profit by the experience of other nations that have permitted themselves to be entangled in socialized medicine.

#### A .... CONGRESSMAN JUDD ON MEDICARE

Few Americans are better qualified to speak on the question of socialized medicine than Dr. Walter Judd, a former Minnesota Congressman. In addition to his twenty years of outstanding service as a Congressman, Mr. Judd has been a practicing physician for many years. Prior to his election to Congress, he established a distinguished record as a medical missionary in the Far East. He said:

The public has been led to believe that they can get government financing without government control and ultimate government operation of medical services. It is naive to believe that Congress will take the people's money away from them through taxes and then allow the money to be spent by someone else without the Congress maintaining its own firm control. Congress would be completely irresponsible if it did not so control the funds it raises, and it is not and will not be that irresponsible. When the government finances and operates medical services, three things essential to good care are inevitably compromised.

"First, the wholly voluntary relationship between the doctor and the patient. If the relationship is not completely voluntary on the part of the patient, he or she is not going to have full confidence in the doctor. If it is not voluntary on the part of the doctor, his heart is not fully in it. Under government management, the relationship cannot be wholly voluntary. The result will be injury to the patient's interests far more than to the doctor's.

"A second requirement is that there be complete privacy with no intermediary between the patient and the physician. When the doctor gets paid by the patient, the doctor works for the patient. When the doctor gets paid in whole or in part by the government, little by little he comes to work for the government. Again, the average doctor may be better off, but not the patient. Under government-financed medicine, the government becomes an intermediary in another sense. Since public money is involved, a succession of clerks has to go through the records to see if the doctor performed all the tests for which he submitted charges, or did any unnecessary tests to run up the bill. Somebody in a government bureau has to decide whether the doctor's diagnosis and treatments, and therefore his charges, were proper. In order to determine that, government employees have to read the patient's history, and record. Many patients are not going to be too eager to tell the doctor all the personal and private details that he needs to know in order to treat them properly, if they know some bureaucrats are going to be reading those details. What kind of care will the patient get with both his doctor and the government managing the case?

"A third essential for good medical practice is that there be maximum incentives for the doctor to do his best work constantly to improve himself. One such incentive is financial reward in accordance with his ability and his effort; most people work harder and do better if they believe such effort will get

them ahead financially."

# Look Who Won A "Peace Prize"

Martin Luther King, Jr. who was awarded 1964 Nobel Peace Prize for "consistently asserting the principles of nonviolence," will spend the \$53,123 prize money on the civil rights movement, particularly the leftist Southern Christian Leadership Conference which he heads.

Newspaper reports from around the nation indicate that Jack H. O'Dell (One of many names he uses) who, according to counsel for the Senate Committee had, up until the middle fifties, at least, been the Communist Party district director in New Orleans, was retained and utilized by Martin Luther King, long after O'Dell's communist background had become a matter of public record.

King's reported statements over a period of many months show him to be either incredibly naive of the operation of his Southern Christian Leadership Conference or lax in his commitment to the whole truth.

According to a press release King made 'the following statement on Sept. 12, 1964:

"If Goldwater wins, I am absolutely convinced we will see the dark night of social disruption and such intensification of discontent and despair by negroes that there is certain to be an outbreak of violence."

King also predicted that in the event of a Goldwater victory, the advocates of Civil Rights would abandon the non-violent approach, and there would be an outbreak of riots and violence "such as never seen in the

The private files of this peace-loving Nobel Prize winning agitator are now in the hands of segregationists. The files contain personal



Martin Luther King Jr.

correspondence of top-level members of the Martin Luther King organization and the source of financing for his demonstrations, riots and racial agitation (who ever heard of peaceful riots!). Some of the papers show a close financial link with known communists and include plans for King's proposed "Negro Freedom Army."

King's affiliation with pro-communist groups is well known. The Communist Party is dedicated to the overthrow of the government of the United States by any means whatever-including violence, if necessary. But for the record, some of the leftist, militant pacifist, pro-communist affiliations of Martin Luther King, Jr. are listed below:

Martin Luther King, Jr., becoming more arrogant, threw caution to the winds when he used the mailing plates of the Communist National Guardian last month for the distribution of thousands of letters in which he personally appealed for funds for the "solidification of our movement to earry forward the fight . . . deeper into the South."

The National Guardian is described by the California Committee in Un-American Activities in 1961 as "a medium for spreading of the most vicious kind of Communist propaganda; this publication ranks with the PEOPLES' WORLD in California and the DAILY WORKER in New York, In recent months it has outstripped both of the others in its tirade of Communist propaganda and abuse against our Government and our cherished institutions."

The National Guardian is also listed as subversive in the "Guide To Subversive Organizations And Publications," issued by the U.S. Government Printing Office and described as a "virtual official propaganda arm of the Soviet Union."

From "Heads Up," May, 1963

#### AMERICA'S PRESENT DANGER -COMMUNIST INSTIGATED VIOLENCE

By William Ward Ayer

(Hear Dr. Ayer on the radio Sundayscheck your radio programs for time.)

Christian people, let us get wise. The Communist conspiracy seems to have deluded many of our leaders, but God's people should never be deluded. This racial uproar is not basically a Negro uprising against racial wrongs, though both Blacks and Whites suffer many racial wrongs, It is a planned and organized program for the overthrow of our Republic.

It is not confined to Harlem, Philadelphia, Rochester or Mississippi; not confined even to the United States. It is a Communist agitated, Satan-instigated-and-backed world wide program to destroy existing orders so that a completely Communist world can be

The operation of the conspiracy involves all the races. There is a "rising tide of color" that seeks to inundate and completely destroy all white civilization so that it can appropriate all the white man has created through milleniums.

#### PLANNED CRIMES

In planned and capably directed statements, made well in advance, the leaders foretold of the crimes. Racist King forecast the tragedies, but there is no record that he did anything to avert them. He did stir up lawlessness in southern cities.

Jesse Gray, leader of the New York Rent Strike, made vicious and incendiary statements in a New York Baptist (sic) church. The New York Times reported that on Sunday, July 19-from a church rostrum in Harlem-a Negro leader named Jesse Gray

There is only one thing that can correct the situation, and that's guerilla warfare." He called for "100 skilled black revolutionaries who are ready to die" to serve as platoon captains, each in command of 100 men.

Mr. Gray was identified as a man who had been a Communist organizer by a former Communist testifying before the House Committee on Un-American Affairs in 1960. On February 3, 1960, Mr. Gray took the Fifth Amendment 16 times before that Committee (U.S. News & World Report, Aug 3,

Over a year ago, Marching Truth quoted an issued statement by Dr. Gardner C. Taylor, New York Baptist Pastor:
"A blood-bath unparalleled in the history

of this nation could strike a half-dozen Northern cities, including New York and Philadelphia."

He did not try to prevent it.

James Baldwin, a Negro author and playwright, (according to the New York Times, July 28, 1964), said: "Negroes in the North

### THE LEFTIST AND PACIFIST AFFILIATIONS OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

COMPILATION OF PUBLIC RECORD FROM 658 LAYMEN & CLERGYMEN OF THE

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES"

(1) Ad Hoc Committee on the Eisenhower-Khrushchev Talks to
Explore the Requirements of Peace -- member -- announcement of meeting, September 20, 1959
(2) American Committee on Africa -- member of national committee
-- letterhead, September 24, 1958; and letterhead, May 17, 1960
(3) American Committee on Africa -- honorary co-chairman of
Africa Freedom Day to benefit Africa Defense and Aid Fund -- New York
Times, April 4, 1960
(4) Barden Clemency Appeal of Matters of Desirion to President

Africa Freedom Day to benefit Africa Defense and Rid Files.

Times, April 4, 1960

(4) Braden Clemency Appeal - initiator of petition to President Kennedy asking clemency for Carl Braden, convicted field secretary of the Southern Conference Educational Fund - Southern Patric. June 7, 1961, page 4; and letter soliciting signers of petition, June 7, 1961.

(5) Church Peace Mission Statement Calling for Cancellation of Nuclear-Weapons Tests -- signer -- press release, December 2, 1957; and press release, April 21, 1958.

(6) Fellowship -- editorial contributor, pacifist magazine of the Fellowship of Reconciliation -- issue of November 1, 1961.

(7) Fellowship of Reconciliation -- member of advisory council Fellowship, November 1, 1961.

(8) Highlander Folk School -- speaker at 25th anniversary celebration -- official program, August 30-September 2, 1957.

bration -- official program, August 30-September 2, 1957

(9) Hotel and Restaurant Union -- received award from Local 6
after membership poll "overwhelmingly voted him the American who made the greatest contribution in the past year to the improvement of race relations" - Daily Worker, May 28, 1957, page 3

(10) Literation (a leftist, pacifist magazine) -- writer for -- leaflet, March 28, 1961

(11) Manifesto of Southern Negro Leaders Against Passage of New Bedition Laws by the States -- signer -- press release, June 12, 1959

(12) National Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy -- signer of statement calling for suspension of nuclear-weapons tests -- Nation, Pebruary 22, 1958, pages 162-163; and New York Times, August 13, 1959, page 17

Pebruary 22, 1958, pages 162-163; and New York Times, August 13, 1959, page 17

(13) National Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy -- sponsor -leaflet, February 1960; and leaflet, April 1961

(14) National Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy -- signer of a (14) National Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy -- signer of a statement to guide the United States in conference negotiations with the Soviet Union on the future of Germany and West Berlin -- New York Times, July 20, 1961, page 13; and New York Herald Tribune, July 20, 1961, page 13 (full-page advertisements)

(15) Petition to Congress to Eliminate House Committee on Un-American Activities -- signer -- Washington Post, January 2, 1961, pages 12-13; National Guardian, January 16, 1961, pages 0-7; and New York Times, February 9, 1961, pages 16-17

(16) Petition to President Kennedy -- signer denouncing the House Committee on Un-American Activities and the Senate Internal Security Committee on Un-American Activities and the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee -- Worker, May 14, 1961, page 12

(17) Prayer Pilgrimage for Freedom -- co-chairman -- Worker, April 21, 1957, page 2; and Daily Worker, June 7, 1957, page 3

April 21, 1957, page 2; and Daily Worker, June 7, 1957, page 3

Justice Award -- program of luncheon, April 24, 1957

(18) Religion and Labor Foundation -- received 1957 Social

Justice Award -- program of luncheon, April 24, 1957

(19) Southern Conference Educational Fund -- signer of telegram Patriot, September 1959, page 4

(20) Southern Conference Educational Fund -- signer of clemency to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New York Times, March 30, to President Eisenhower, March 26, 1960 -- New Yor

1960 (21) Southern Conference Educational Fund -- signer of clemency petition to President Kennedy on behalf of Carl Braden -- New York Post, May 2, 1961, page 11 [22] War Resisters League -- speaker at 36th annual dinner -- invitation to the dinner, February 2, 1959

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## Freedom or Slavery?

WHEN THE UNITED NATIONS WAS FOUNDED IN 1945, THERE WERE LESS THAN 200 MILLION PEOPLE LIVING UNDER COMMUNISM.

TODAY THERE ARE OVER ONE BILLION HUMAN BEINGS IN THE RED HELL. HAS THE U.N. AIDED THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM . . . OR SLAVERY?

. . . .

Captive Nations.

They are the national groups that—against their will—are now existing under Communist domination.

They include:

(a) Those incorporated within the boundaries of the Soviet Union and Red China.

(b) The "Satellites," the supposedly independent countries that have their own Communist governments.

What are the Captive Nations?

The Captive nations, together with the dates of the Communist takeovers are:

1920—Armenia, Azerbaijan, Byelorussia, Cossackia, Georgia, Idel-Ural, North Caucasia, Democratic Republic of the Far East (Siberyaks), Ukraine.

1922—Turkistan.

1940-Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania.

1946—Albania, Bulgaria, Outer Mongolia, Serbia, Croatia, Slovenia, etc. in Yugoslavia.

1947—Poland, Rumania.

1948—Czecho-Slovakia, North Korea.

1949—Hungary, East Germany, China (Mainland).

1951—Tibet.

1954-North Viet-Nam.

1960—Cuba.

1964—Zanzibar (Tanzania).

Certain other countries in Africa, Asia, Central and South America are on the way.

# Have the Communist Parties ever represented the majority of the people in these countries?

No. The Captive Nations are all ruled by dictatorial minorities.

Membership	Country	Population
20,000	Bulgaria	7,020,000
800,000	Rumania	16,409,000
1,000,000	Poland	25,225,000
1,329,000	Czecho-Slovakia	12,338,000
750,000	Hungary	9,383,000
12,000	Albania	1,120,000
141,000	Yugoslavia	14,500,000

Even in Soviet Russia itself, the Communist Party is and always has been, a small minority—estimated at about 3%.

Were the Captive Nations taken over by the Communists by democratic processes, such as guaranteed freedom of speech, the press, assembly and organization, and through free, honest elections?

Without exception, definitely not. They were taken over by force, fraud and suppression.

Communist expansion has employed various methods including:

- (a) The old-style imperialism, the taking over of other countries by force and incorporating them within its own domain, and maintaining its rule by terrorism. Outstanding examples are the conquest of Latvia, Estonia and Lithuania in 1940.
- (b) Puppet-government imperialism, the "liberating" of other countries by internal subversion, coupled by threats from the Red Army, and the formation of "people's democracies" under their own Communist Party governments, more or less subservient to the USSR or Red China.
- (c) Economical control, whereby the satellites have been made economically dependent on either the Soviet Union or Red China.



(d) The destruction of the national heritage of each of the victim nations, by endeavoring to substitute Russian (or Chinese) culture.

Were the Communist take-overs accomplished peaceably?

No. The spread of Communism has taken a terrible toll of human life. Obviously, exact statistics cannot be compiled, but reliable estimates reveal over 32,000,000 deaths within the boundaries of the USSR, 30,000,000 in Red China, and 6,291,000 elsewhere. These fatalities were the results of Communist expansion in the past 47 years and were occasioned by revolution, civil war, induced famine, mass deportations, executions and slave camps.

Were the victims of Communism "enemies" of the working class?"

No. Workers and peasants have been the chief sufferers. The professional and "intellectual" classes have also been victims.

For example, in the Russian seizure of Latvia in 1941, the first wave of terror was launched against the "outspoken enemies of the regime:" the former president of the Latvian Republic, the cabinet members, party leaders, the individuals who dared set up an election list separate from that of the (Communist) Workers' Union. All of these people were arrested and either deported to forced labor camps or executed. Having eliminated the actual and potential leaders of any possible opposition, terror was directed against "persons of some importance in the past" in order to stimulate class hatred. Those among this group who were not arrested or deprived of their property and means of existence were scheduled for later mass deportation. When collectivization started, the independent farmers were on the list of those persecuted and later the workers also experienced the iron fist of the secret police.

What are some of the results of the Communist take-over of the Captive Nations?

The establishment of a totalitarian police state under the Communist Party concerned. The abolishment of democratic institutions such as freedom of speech, the press, assembly and organization. Taking over of all mass communication media. Reduction in the standard of living. Sovietization of industry, trade and transportation, Collectivization of agriculture. Persecution of religion and the close control of whatever religious denominations that are permitted to remain. Indoctrination of the nation's youth in Communist ideology. Disruption and reconstruction of the judicial system. Arrests, deportation and Red terror.

Can the people of the Captive Nations offer any opposition to the Communist rule?

No. Any attempt at protest or insurrection is ruthlessly suppressed by the Communist police and the Red Army. Examples are the revolts in various Russian slave camps, the rising in East Germany and, most outstanding, the Hungarian Revolt of 1956.

# AMERICA'S PRESENT DANGER -COMMUNIST INSTIGATED VIOLENCE -o- Continued from page 3 ----

and South had 'hoarded weapons for years and for only one purpose: that's the day of unavoidable bloody conflict.'"

One of the country's leading Negro newspaper editors, George S. Schuyler, blamed the Harlem riots on "leftist civil rights agi-

tators who have been inciting Negroes to commit such atrocities for years."

"Such civil rights leaders as Martin Luther King, James Farmer, James Forman, Bayard Rustin, and Jesse Gray are the intellectual authors of the Harlem riots," Mr. Schuyler charged. (N. Y. Journal-American.)

And listen, fellow Christians, thousands of godly American Negroes know that these pretended leaders of racial freedom are fake humanitarians who are leading millions of the Negro race straight into the arms of the COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY.

### "Each One Reach One"

As we reflect the critical situation of our country, and how dangerously close we are to losing it to a diabolical, insane enemy, we realize it is primarily because the truth has not been given to the people.

If the truth were known, the American people would rise up as one and destroy the traitors who are subverting every phase of

their lives from birth to death.

At this late hour, we will not make any rash promise that we can save the world, but we do know that every informed person is a nail in the enemy's coffin.

We must reach more people with the truth. Will you join the crusade by sending us a dollar and ten names of local townsfolk to whom we will send samples of Common Sense? Like a pebble dropped in a lake, we will never know where the ripple ends—we will never know the good that will result from this effort within the means of everyone. Remember, there is only one straw needed to break the camel's back—will it be yours?

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